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WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

REGULAR SESSION, 1992

ENROLLED

committee Substitute for SENATE BILL NO. 353

(By Senators Lucht and Lumphrup)

PASSED Musch 7, 1992
In Effect 90 days from Passage

ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

Senate Bill No. 353

(Senators Lucht and Humphreys, original sponsors)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, three and nine, article twenty, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections three-a and three-b, relating to the regulation of owning animals and of engaging in commercial ventures associated therewith; providing for the collection of a head tax on dogs and cats; defining certain terms; clarifying and making certain provisions consistent with other conflicting provisions; increasing the fee for keeping an impounded animal; increasing registration fees; prescribing registration fees for various enterprises; providing for a reclassification and readjustment of fees; setting forth exemptions from registration; exceptions; providing for the issuance of a license to own or operate a kennel or similar enterprise; setting forth grounds for revocation or dismissal of such license; providing for the reapplication of a license and establishing a fee therefor; prescribing minimum standards for kennels; providing for the inspection of

kennels by humane officers, dog wardens or their respective designees; when deficiencies may be corrected; providing for a temporary compliance waiver; creating a misdemeanor crime and establishing criminal penalties therefor; and increasing the criminal penalties for the failure to register animals or for presenting altered certificates or tags.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, three and nine, article twenty, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections three-a and three-b, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 20. PLEASURE AND DISPLAY ANIMALS.

§19-20-2. Collection of head tax on dogs and cats; duties of assessor and humane officer or dog warden; registration of pleasure and display animals; disposition of head tax; taxes on pleasure and display animals not collected by assessor.

It is the duty of the county assessor and his or her 2 deputies in each county within this state, at the time 3 he or she is making assessment of the personal 4 property within that county, to assess and collect a 5 head tax of three dollars on each dog, male or female: 6 and in addition to the above, the assessor and his or 7 her deputies have the further duty of collecting any head tax on dogs as may be levied by the ordinances 9 of each and every municipality within the county. In 10 the event that the owner, defined for the purposes of 11 this article, as any person, partnership or corporation 12 owning, keeping or harboring one or more animals, 13 with an animal considered to be harbored if it is fed 14 or sheltered for five consecutive days or more, refuses 15 or fails to pay the tax, when the tax is assessed or within fifteen days after the assessment, to the 17 assessor or deputy assessor, then the assessor or deputy assessor shall certify the tax delinquency to the 18 19 county dog warden or humane officer who shall take 20 charge of the dog for which the tax is delinquent and

33

21 impound the dog for a period of five working days. 22 The humane officer or dog warden shall charge a fee 23 of four dollars per day to be levied against the delinquent taxpayer in addition to the taxes provided 25 for in this section. In case the tax and impounding 26 charge provided for in this section have not been paid 27within the period of five working days, then the 28 humane officer or dog warden may sell the 29 impounded dog. Should the humane officer or dog warden fail to sell the impounded dog, within five 30 31 days, he or she shall humanely kill the dog and dispose 32 of its body.

At the same time as the head tax is assessed, the 34 assessor and his or her deputies shall, on the forms 35 prescribed under section four of this article, take down 36 the age, sex, color, character of hair (long or short) and 37 breed (if known) of the dog and the name and address of the owner of the dog. When the head tax, and extra 39 charges, if any, are paid, the officer to whom payment is made shall issue a certificate of registration and a 40 registration tag for the dog. 41

42 Whenever the owner of personal property acquires a dog or has a dog that matures to seven months of age after the annual assessment, the owner shall register the dog within ten days and pay the head tax to the assessor or his or her deputy. When the prior owner has paid the head tax, the assessor or his or her deputy shall transfer the registration and the registration tag.

49 All certificates of registration and registration tags 50 issued pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be issued for the fiscal year and are valid from the date on which they are issued until the thirtieth day 52of June of that fiscal year, or until reissued by the 53 54 assessor or his or her deputy in the regular performance of his or her duties, but in no case shall 55 56 previous registration tags be valid after the thirtieth 57 day of September of the next ensuing fiscal year.

58 The assessor collecting the head tax on dogs shall be 59 allowed a commission of ten percent of all such taxes 60 collected by him or her, and shall turn in to the

61 county treasury ninety percent of taxes collected and 62 levied by this section; and the assessor shall turn over 63 to the treasurer or other proper officer of each and 64 every municipality within the county ninety percent 65 of the taxes levied by the ordinances of the municipal-66 ity. All dog taxes, except those belonging to municipal-67 ities, shall be credited to the dog and kennel fund 68 provided for in section ten of this article. Dog taxes 69 collected for and turned over to municipalities shall be 70 deposited by the proper officer of the municipalities to the fund and shall be expended in such manner as the 71 72 law of the municipalities may provide. All taxes on 73 dogs not collected by the assessor shall be collected by 74 the regular tax collecting officer of the county and 75 placed to the credit of the dog and kennel fund.

§19-20-3. Registration of kennels and similar enterprises; application; fee; expiration of certificate of registration.

(a) Every owner or operator of a kennel or similar 2 enterprise, shall annually, between the first day of 3 July and the thirtieth day of September of each year, 4 file with the assessor of the county in which the kennel or similar enterprise is located, an application for the registration of the kennel or similar enterprise for the fiscal year. For the purposes of the article, the term "kennel or similar enterprise" means a facility where animals are bred, kept, boarded, groomed, 10 trained or sold as a commercial venture. The application shall state the location of the kennel or similar 11 12 enterprise, the name and address of the person 13 actually in charge of and supervising it and the name 14 and address of the owner of the kennel or similar enterprise and shall be accompanied by a nonrefunda-15 ble registration fee as provided for in this section. 16 17 Upon the approval of the application by the humane officer or dog warden of the county, together with the 18 19 payment to the assessor of the fees provided for in this section, the assessor shall issue a license for the kennel 20 21 or similar enterprise.

Every person upon becoming the owner or operator of a kennel or similar enterprise as described in this

24 25 26 27 28	section, after the thirtieth day of September of any year, shall, within three days after becoming an owner or operator, register the kennel or similar enterprise for the remainder of the current fiscal year as provided for in this section.
29 30 31 32	All licenses issued pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be issued for the fiscal year, and are valid from the date on which issued until the thirtieth day of June of that fiscal year.
33 34	Licenses for kennels and similar enterprises must be prominently displayed on the premises.
35 36	(b) The registration and related fees for licensing a kennel and other similar enterprises are as follows:
37 38 39	(1) Breeders Registration\$10 Fee for each adult breeding animal3
40 41	(2) Boarding kennel authorized to house fewer than ten animals20
42 43	(3) Boarding kennel authorized to house ten to fifty animals40
44 45	(4) Boarding kennel authorized to house more than fifty animals60
46	(5) Pet Shop
47 48	(6) Permanent or traveling circus, zoo or animal display program, including petting zoos 100
49	(7) Grooming Shop20
50 51 52 53 54	(8) Animal dealers or sellers acquiring animals for sale or resale who are not breeders, pet shops, shelters or pounds Registration
55	(9) Dog training center that kennels100
56 57 58 59	A kennel or similar enterprise regulated by this section, which provides more than one of the services set forth in this subsection, each requiring an individual registration and license, is only required to have

- one registration and license: *Provided*, That the owner or operator shall register and license the kennel or enterprise under the service provided which requires the highest fee. Any kennel or similar enterprise having a change in status under which a license was issued is subject to reclassification and a readjustment of fees
- 67 (c) The provisions of this section and of sections
 68 three-a and three-b of this article do not apply to
 69 kennels at veterinary hospitals, to biomedical research
 70 facilities, to government-operated zoological parks, to
 71 farm animals, to thoroughbred or greyhound racing
 72 kennels and breeders or to animals determined to be
 73 pets by the humane officer, dog warden or assessor or
 74 his or her deputy: *Provided*, That thoroughbred and
 75 greyhound racing kennels and breeders are subject to
 76 the minimum standards and inspection requirements
 77 of section three-b of this article.
- (d) Any pet owner who is exempt from registration as determined by a humane officer, dog warden or assessor or his or her deputy pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, and who sells or offers for sale more than three animals, loses the exemption and must comply with appropriate registration requirements as a breeder or animal dealer whichever is most appropriate: *Provided*, That in no event may animal shelters, humane society shelters or pounds be required to pay registration fees.

§19-20-3a. License issuance and revocation.

1 (a) Upon receiving an application for a license under 2 section three of this article, the assessor shall cause the 3 dog warden or humane officer of the county to 4 conduct an inspection of the kennel or similar enterprise and any animals on the premises, and the dog 6 warden or humane officer shall notify the assessor as 7 to whether or not the kennel or similar enterprise 8 complies with the provisions of this article. If the 9 kennel or similar enterprise passes inspection, the 10 assessor shall issue a license. The dog warden or 11 humane officer retains a right of entry at all times for

- 12 the purpose of inspecting the kennel or similar enter-13 prise and all animals on the premises.
- 14 (b) Any license may be revoked and the entire 15 registration fee retained if the licensee:
- 16 (1) Refuses to permit inspection by the dog warden 17 or humane officer;
- 18 (2) Refuses or fails to comply with this section or any 19 other law governing the care, protection and keeping 20 of animals;
- 21 (3) Withholds or falsifies any information on the 22 license application.
- 23 (c) Any person whose license is revoked shall, within 24 ten days thereafter, humanely and responsibly dispose 25 of all animals owned, kept or harbored at the kennel 26 or similar enterprise.
- 27 (d) A license to operate a commercial kennel or 28 similar enterprise may not be issued to a person who 29 has been convicted of cruelty to animals.
- 30 (e) Any person who has been denied a license may 31 not reapply for a period of thirty days. Each reappli-32 cation shall be accompanied by a ten dollar fee.
- 33 (f) All fees for registration and licensing shall be 34 placed in the dog and kennel fund, provided for in 35 section ten of this article.
- 36 (g) For traveling circuses, zoos, animal displays and 37 similar programs, the sponsoring agency or organiza-38 tion is responsible for registering and licensing the 39 program in accordance with section three of this 40 article and for notifying the humane officer or the dog 41 warden to request an inspection.

§19-20-3b. Minimum standards for kennels and similar enterprises; facilities, management and enforcement.

- 1 (a) After the first day of July, one thousand nine 2 hundred ninety-five, no operator of a kennel, or
- 3 similar enterprise having animals for sale may operate
- 4 unless the facility meets the following standards:

- 5 (1) Indoor and outdoor housing facilities shall be 6 structurally sound and the operator of the facilities 7 shall maintain them in good repair to contain the 8 animals and protect them from injury;
- 9 (2) Any area used to confine an animal shall be 10 constructed so as to enable the animal to remain 11 comfortable, dry and clean;
- 12 (3) Floors or walls of animal enclosures shall be 13 constructed of a material that is impervious to liquids, 14 permits total disinfection and prevents the harboring 15 of insects or bacteria;
- 16 (4) Any animal enclosure shall be large enough to 17 permit the animal to stand up with ease and to sit or 18 lie comfortably in a prone position;
- 19 (5) Fencing of any enclosure used to confine a dog, 20 cat or other large animal shall not be constructed of 21 chicken wire, hog wire or other small-gauge wire that 22 may cause serious injury to the animal;
- 23 (6) Any cement block or concrete walls of an animal 24 enclosure shall be sealed or painted with a coating that 25 prevents bacteria growth in pores or crevices and that 26 cannot be removed by the animal. Any enclosure 27 constructed of wood shall be coated with a laminate, 28 epoxy or other similar substance that is impervious to 29 urine and bacteria and that cannot be removed by the 30 animal;
- 31 (7) Enclosures used to confine animals shall have 32 gates or doors with latches that cannot be opened by 33 the animals;
- 34 (8) All facilities shall be constructed so as to prevent 35 the escape of the animals;
- 36 (9) Any enclosure used to confine animals that has 37 more than one level shall be constructed so that no 38 liquids or solids may drop from an upper level into a 39 lower level;
- 40 (10) Any animal enclosures situated side-by-side 41 shall be constructed so that no liquids or solids may 42 spread from one enclosure to an adjacent enclosure;

- 43 and
- 44 (11) Any cage or pen shall have a solid bottom which 45 can be easily cleaned or disinfected.
- 46 (b) An operator of a kennel or similar enterprise 47 shall:
- 48 (1) Take necessary measures to protect the animals 49 from injury, stress, suffering, escape and the transmis-50 sion of disease;
- 51 (2) Afford the animals access to shelter from direct 52 sunlight and other adverse weather conditions, includ-53 ing rain, snow and wind;
- 54 (3) House animals in compatible groups if more than 55 one animal is confined in the same enclosure. No 56 puppies or kittens shall be confined in the same 57 enclosure with adult dogs or cats, other than their 58 dams. No female animals in season shall be confined in 59 the same enclosure as male animals, except for 60 breeding purposes;
- 61 (4) Confine any animal that exhibits a vicious 62 disposition individually in an enclosure, except that no 63 nursing female may be separated from her litter;
- 64 (5) Maintain facilities in a sanitary condition;
- 65 (6) Adequately ventilate all indoor housing facilities 66 for warm-blooded animals to provide for the health 67 and comfort of the animals; to provide the facility with 68 fresh air; to minimize drafts, odors, moisture and 69 condensation; and to prevent exposure to extreme 70 temperatures;
- 71 (7) Sufficiently heat or cool all indoor housing 72 facilities for warm-blooded animals not acclimated to 73 extreme temperatures to prevent exposure to such 74 temperatures;
- 75 (8) Provide humane care and treatment to all 76 animals under the control of an operator or attendant;
- 77 (9) Remove an animal from its enclosure at least 78 twice every twenty-four hours for a minimum of 79 twenty minutes each time, unless it is medically

- 80 inadvisable or the enclosure is sufficiently large to 81 permit the animal to have normal freedom of move-
- 82 ment for exercise;
- 83 (10) Provide ample lighting during daylight hours for 84 the efficient cleaning and routine inspection of, and 85 the well-being of the animals in the facility;
- 86 (11) Furnish, daily, a quantity of wholesome food 87 suitable for the species and ages of the animals and 88 sufficient to maintain sound nutrition;
- 89 (12) Furnish fresh, noncontaminated water at all 90 times, except in cases where it is medically inadvis-91 able, or the animal is within four hours of departure 92 from the facility, or the animal is being housed for 93 grooming, in which case, the animal shall have access 94 to water for a period of five minutes every three 95 hours;
- 96 (13) Protect food supplies and bedding from contam-97 ination or infestation by vermin. Any chemicals used 98 to control vermin at the facility shall be safe for use 99 around animals and shall be stored in a place not 100 accessible by the animals or near their food supplies;
- 101 (14) Clean and sanitize utilized enclosures at least 102 once every twenty-four hours and prior to any new 103 animal being placed into a previously occupied enclosure and remove excreta from enclosures as often as 105 necessary for the prevention of contamination, disease 106 and odors, but no less often than once every twenty-107 four hours. If a hosing or flushing method of cleaning 108 is used, the animal or animals shall be removed from 109 the enclosure and adequate measures shall be taken to 110 protect the animals in other enclosures from being 111 soiled with wash water or other wastes during the 112 cleaning;
- 113 (15) Establish and maintain an adequate program of 114 disease prevention and control;
- 115 (16) House healthy and sick animals separately;
- 116 (17) Maintain facilities to isolate any animal infected 117 with a contagious disease or remove the animal from

- 119 (18) Furnish sick, diseased or injured animals with 120 proper veterinary care or have them humanely de-121 stroyed as provided for by law;
- 122 (19) Maintain accurate records of all transactions 123 involving animals that show the dates the transactions 124 occurred, the types of animals involved and the parties 125 to the transactions, for a minimum of seven years;
- 126 (20) Furnish documents of sale or other transfer, 127 identification, immunization, known medical or phys-128 ical condition and medications provided the purchaser 129 or other transferee of an animal;
- 130 (21) Provide adequate food, water, space, sanitation, 131 ventilation, exercise and protection from injury, drafts 132 and extremes of temperature for, and any appropriate 133 separation of, animals transported in vehicles by a 134 kennel or similar enterprise subject to registration 135 under section three of this article; and
- 136 (22) Destroy animals using humane procedures as 137 provided for by law.
- (c) The county humane officer or the dog warden or a qualified individual designated by the humane officer or dog warden, shall inspect kennels and similar enterprises as described in this section at any reasonable time for compliance with the requirements of this section, but no less than once annually. Any kennel or similar enterprise with a humane officer or a dog warden as an employee cannot be inspected by that employee and the operator of that kennel or similar enterprise must arrange for an impartial inspection at least annually.
- 149 Persons other than those authorized to conduct 150 inspections as provided for in this section shall not 151 conduct inspections but have the right to request the 152 humane officer or dog warden to inspect a kennel or 153 other enterprise.
- 154 If a kennel or similar enterprise as described in this 155 section is found to violate any of the provisions in this

156 section, the humane officer, dog warden or his or her 157 designee, or kennel-arranged impartial inspector shall 158 make recommendations to the kennel or similar 159 enterprise and work with the operator to develop a 160 reasonable time frame for correction of the deficien-161 cies, or in the event the deficiencies are not corrected 162 within a reasonable period of time, cause a complaint 163 to be filed against that kennel or similar enterprise for 164 failure to comply with the standards set forth in this 165 section and assist in the prosecution of the operator of 166 the facility and cause the facility to be closed.

Any person who fails to comply with the standards set forth in this section is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars, nor more than one thousand dollars. The humane officer or dog warden or his or her designee or the kennel-arranged impartial inspector is not subject to any civil or criminal liability resulting from the enforcement of the provisions of this section.

176 A temporary compliance waiver can be issued by 177 the humane officer or the dog warden or his or her 178 designee or an impartial inspector when no alternate 179 facility to house unwanted or stray animals is avail-180 able. The waiver shall include a reasonable plan to 181 bring the kennel or similar enterprise into compliance.

§19-20-9. Failure to register animals or kennel or similar enterprise; alteration or forging of registration certificate or tag; penalties.

Any person who owns an animal or who owns or operates a kennel or similar enterprise, subject to registration under the provisions of this article, and who fails, refuses or neglects to register or reregister the animal, kennel or similar enterprise described in this article is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than thirty days or fined not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars in addition to the appropriate registration fees, or both so fined and imprisoned.

Any person who alters or forges any certificate or 12 13 tag, provided for in this article, or displays, presents or 14 utters the certificate or tag as valid with knowledge 15 that it has been altered or forged, or who knowingly 16 causes or permits any dog owned, kept or harbored by 17 him or her to wear any fictitious, altered or invalid 18 registration tag in place of a valid tag as required 19 under the provisions of this article, is guilty of a 20 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 21 punished by imprisonment in the county jail for not 22 more than thirty days or by a fine of not less than one 23 hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, 24 or both fined and imprisoned.

The Joint (Committee on	Enrolled	Bills	hereby	certifies
that the foreg	oing bill is corr	ectly enro	lled.		
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Somer Leck
Chairman Senate Committee

Errest C. Moore.
Chairman House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

In effect ninety days from passage.
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